

<b>CHAPTER-13</b>	<b>STANDARD COSTING</b>
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<b>Ans.1.</b>	<b>Given Std.</b>			<b>Revised Std.</b>			<b>Actual</b>		
	15 kg.			700 kg.			700 kg.		
	Q	R	A	Q	R	A	Q	R	A
X	10	10	100						
Y	10	20	200						
	<u>20</u>		<u>300</u>	<u>933.33</u>			<u>1000</u>		

Material yield variance =  $(933.33 - 1000) \times \frac{300}{20} = 1000 \text{ A}$

<b>Ans.2.</b>	<b>Revised Std.</b>			<b>Actual</b>		
	400 units of Finished Goods			400 units of Finished Goods		
	Q	R	A	Q	R	A
A	800	10	8000	700	15	10500
B	1200	20	2400	600	15	9000
	<u>2000</u>		<u>32000</u>	<u>1300</u>		<u>19500</u>

1. **Total Material Cost Variance** = 3200 - 19500 = 12500 F

2. **Material Price Variance**

A (10 - 15) x 700 = 3500 A

B (20 - 15) x 600 = 3000 F 500 A

3. **Material Usage Variance**

A (800 - 700) x 10 = 1,000 F

B (1200 - 600) x 20 = 12,000 E 13,000 F

4. **Material Mix Variance**

A (520 - 700) x 10 = 1,800 A

B (780 - 600) x 20 = 3,600 F 1,800 F

5. **Material Yield Variance** =  $(2,000 - 1,300) \times \frac{32}{2} = 11,200 \text{ F}$

**Ans.3**

	Revised Standard			Actual		
	100 unit of FG			100 unit of FG		
	H	R	A	H	R	A
SK	250	40	10,000	400	35	14,000
USK	500	60	30,000	800	70	56,000
	<u>750</u>		<u>40,000</u>	<u>1,200</u>		<u>70,000</u>

1. Total Labour Cost Variance = 40,000-70,000=30,000 A

2. Labour Rate Variance

SK = (40 – 35) x 400 = 2,000 F

USK = (60 – 70) x 800 = 8,000 A

6,000 A

3. Labour Time Variance

SK = (250 – 400) x 40 = 6,000 A

USK = (500 – 800) x 60 = 18,000 A

24,000 A

4. Labour Idle Time Variance

SK 20 x 40 = 800 A

USK 40 x 60 = 2,400 A

3,200 A

5. Labour Mix Variance = Nil

6. Labour Efficiency Variance = (750 – 1,140) x  $\frac{40,000}{750}$   
= 20,800

<b>Ans.4. 1.</b>	Total Fixed Overheads Cost Variance	=	(252 x 40) – 10,200	
		=	120 A	
2.	Fixed Overheads Expenses Variance	=	10,000 – 10,200	= 200 A
3.	Fixed Overheads Volume Variance	=	(250 – 252) x 40	= 80 F
4.	Fixed Overheads Capacity Utilization Variance	=	(500 – 580) x 20	
		=	1,600 F	
5.	Fixed Overheads Idle Time Variance	=	20 x 20	= 400 A
6.	Fixed Overheads Efficiency Variance	=	(280 – 252) x 40	
		=	1,120 A	

**Ans.5.** Fixed Overheads Efficiency Variance = 200 x ₹ 5 = ₹ 10,000

**Ans.6.** Net Present Value Due to Change in Sale

1. Selling Price Variance =
  - A  $(10 - 9) \times 400 = 400$  F
  - B  $(12 - 13) \times 400 = \underline{400}$  A      Nil
  
2. Profit Volume Variance =
  - A  $(300 - 400) \times 5 = 500$  F
  - B  $(500 - 400) \times 6 = \underline{600}$  A
  - 100 A

Sales Variance

Standard			Actual		
Q	R	A	Q	R	A
300	10	3,000	400	9	3,600
500	12	6,000	400	13	5,200
<u>800</u>		<u>9,000</u>	<u>800</u>		<u>8800</u>

1. Total Sales Value Variance =  $9,000 - 8,800 = 200$  A
2. Sale Price Variance = Nil
3. Sales Volume Variance
  - A  $(300 - 400) \times 10 = 1,000$  F
  - B  $(500 - 400) \times 12 = \underline{1,200}$  A      200 A
4. Sales Mix Variance
  - A  $(300 - 400) \times 10 = 1,000$  F
  - B  $(500 - 400) \times 12 = \underline{1,200}$  A      200 A
5. Sales Quantity Variance = Nil